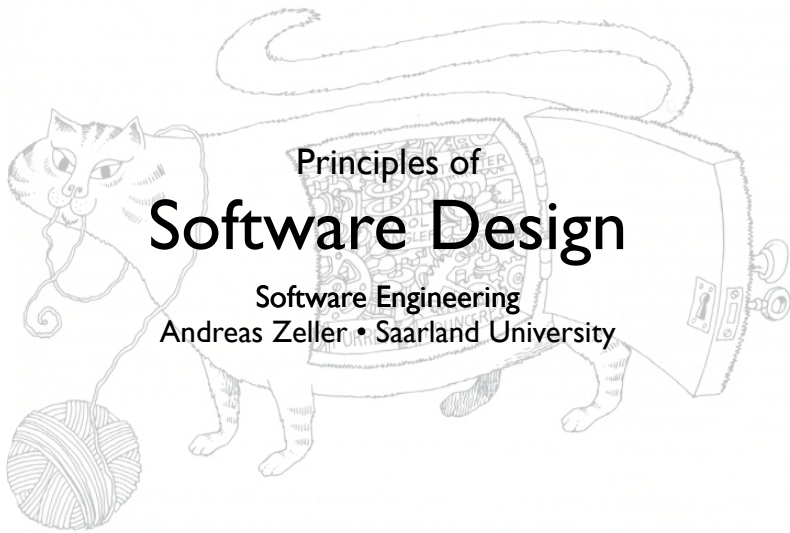


These slides are based on Grady Booch: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (1998), updated from various sources



## The Challenge

- Software may live much longer than expected
- Software must be continuously adapted to a changing environment
- Maintenance takes 50–80% of the cost
- Goal: Make software *maintainable* and *reusable* – at little or no cost

## Imperative Programming

from 1950 until today

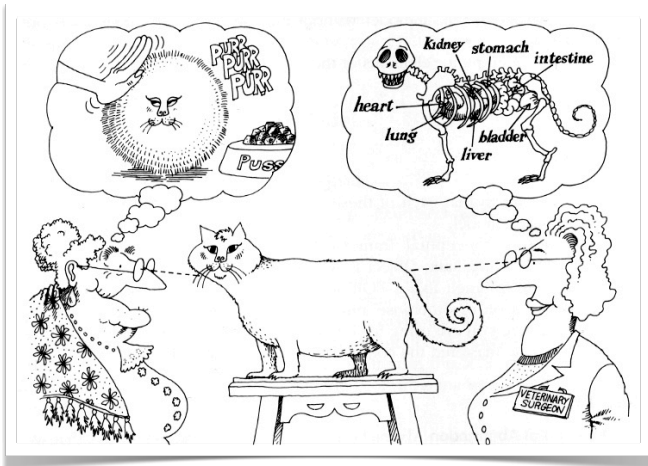




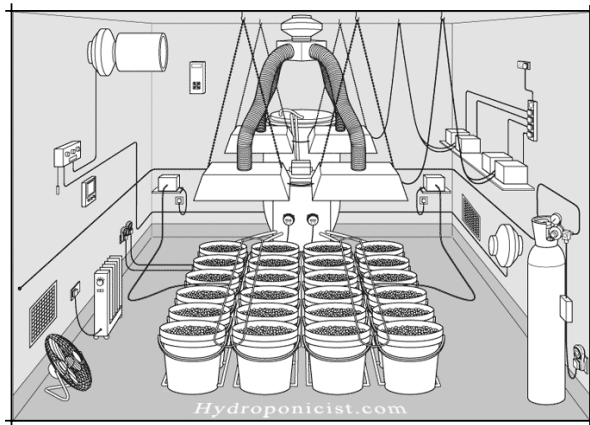




# Perspectives



# Example: Sensors



# An Engineer's Solution

```
void check_temperature() {  
  // see specs AEG sensor type 700, pp. 53  
  short *sensor = 0x80004000;  
  short *low    = sensor[0x20];  
  short *high   = sensor[0x21];  
  int temp_celsius = low + high * 256;  
  if (temp_celsius > 50) {  
    turn_heating_off()  
  }  
}
```

















# Law of Demeter

or Principle of Least Knowledge



- Basic idea: Assume as little as possible about other modules
- Approach: Restrict method calls to *friends*

Demeter = Greek Goddess of Agriculture; grow software in small steps; signify a bottom-up philosophy of programming

## Call your Friends

A method M of an object O should only call methods of

1. O itself
2. M's parameters
3. any objects created in M
4. O's direct component objects



*"single dot rule"*

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Law\\_of\\_Demeter](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Law_of_Demeter)

## Demeter: Example

```
class Uni {
    Prof boring = new Prof();
    public Prof getProf() { return boring; }
    public Prof getNewProf() { return new Prof(); }
}

class Test {
    Uni uds = new Uni();
    public void one() { uds.getProf().fired(); }
    public void two() { uds.getNewProf().hired(); }
}
```



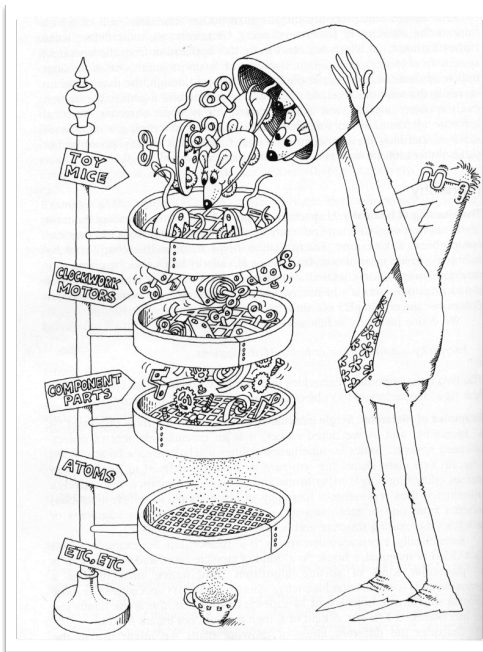
# Principles

of object-oriented design

- Abstraction – Hide details
- Encapsulation – Keep changes local
- Modularity – Control information flow  
High cohesion • weak coupling • talk only to friends
- Hierarchy

## Hierarchy

“Hierarchy is a ranking or ordering of abstractions.”



## Central Hierarchies

- “has-a” hierarchy –  
*Aggregation of abstractions*
  - A *car* **has** three to four *wheels*
- “is-a” hierarchy –  
*Generalization across abstractions*
  - An *ActiveSensor* **is a** *TemperatureSensor*



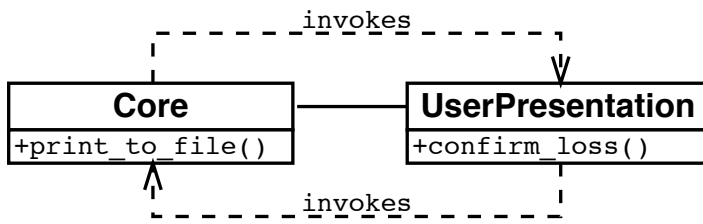








# Cyclic Dependency



Constructing, testing, reusing individual modules becomes impossible!

# Dependency

```
// Print current Web page to FILENAME.
void print_to_file(string filename, Presentation *p)
{
    if (path_exists(filename))
    {
        // FILENAME exists;
        // ask user to confirm overwrite
        bool confirmed = p->confirm_loss(filename);
        if (!confirmed)
            return;
    }

    // Proceed printing to FILENAME
    ...
}
```

# Depending on Abstraction

